

CS 428: Fall 2010

Introduction to Computer Graphics

Realism (overview)

Topic overview

- Image formation and OpenGL
- Transformations and viewing
- Polygons and polygon meshes
 - Programmable pipelines
- **Modeling and animation**
 - Parametric curves (and surfaces)
 - Procedural modeling
 - Traditional and procedural animation
- Rendering

Topic overview

- Image formation and OpenGL
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- Polygons and polygon meshes
 - Programmable pipelines
- Modeling and animation
- **Rendering**
 - **Object space hidden surface removal, bump mapping and other texture tricks**
 - **Raytracing and radiosity**

Next few lectures...

- Visibility (a.k.a. hidden surface removal)
 - Object space algorithms: BSP trees, traversal, etc.
- Illumination and shading (recap, etc.)
 - Bump mapping, shadows, reflection, refraction, antialiasing, etc.
- Rendering for realism
 - Raytracing (forward, backward, distributed)
 - Radiosity (gathering, shooting)

Methods for *realism*

- Ensure properties of images of visual scenes are enforced → **many categories!**
 - Computational models of lighting + illumination (shadows, reflections, caustics)
 - Computational models of surface properties (color, texture, fuzziness, roughness)
 - Geometric representations (surfaces)
 - Behavior (simulation, motion capture)
 - Consistency of scene (global illumination)
 - Interaction (frame rate lag, etc.)

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Temporal and spatial anti-aliasing

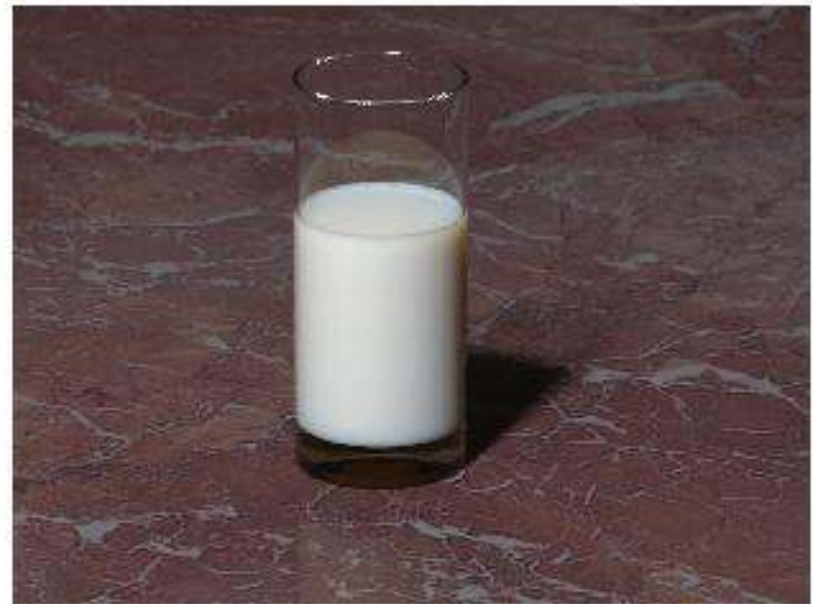
Photorealism



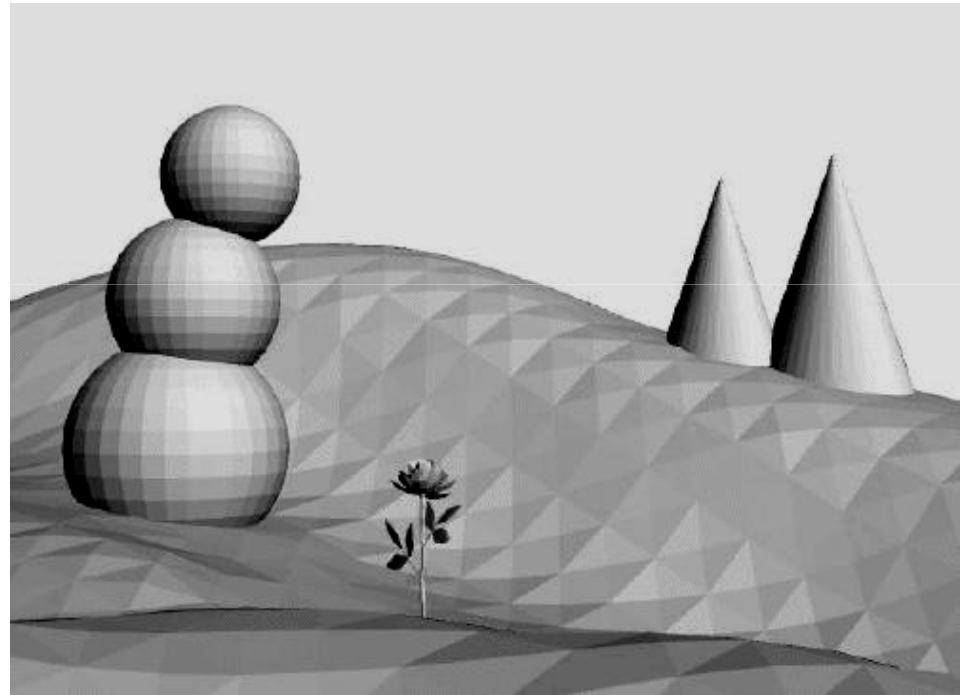
Photorealism



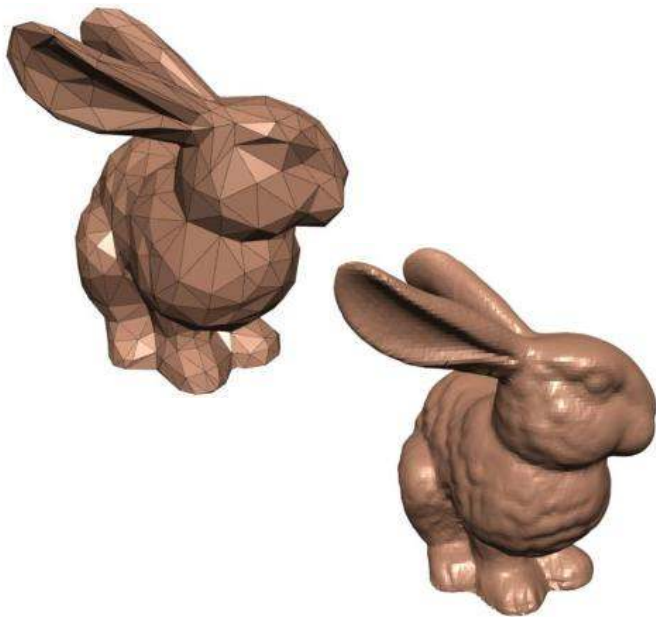
Photorealism



Non-photorealism



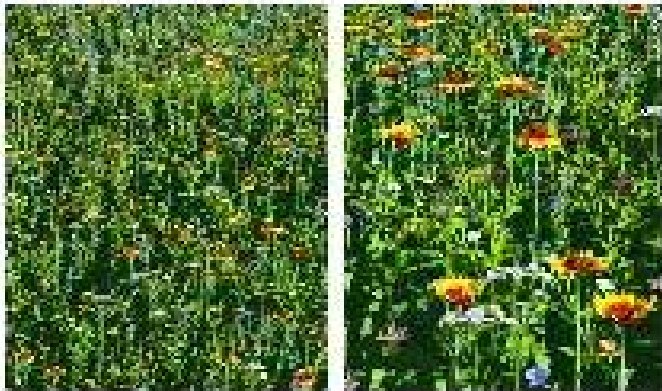
Polygons vs. Smooth surfaces



Level of detail



Level of detail



Texture mapping



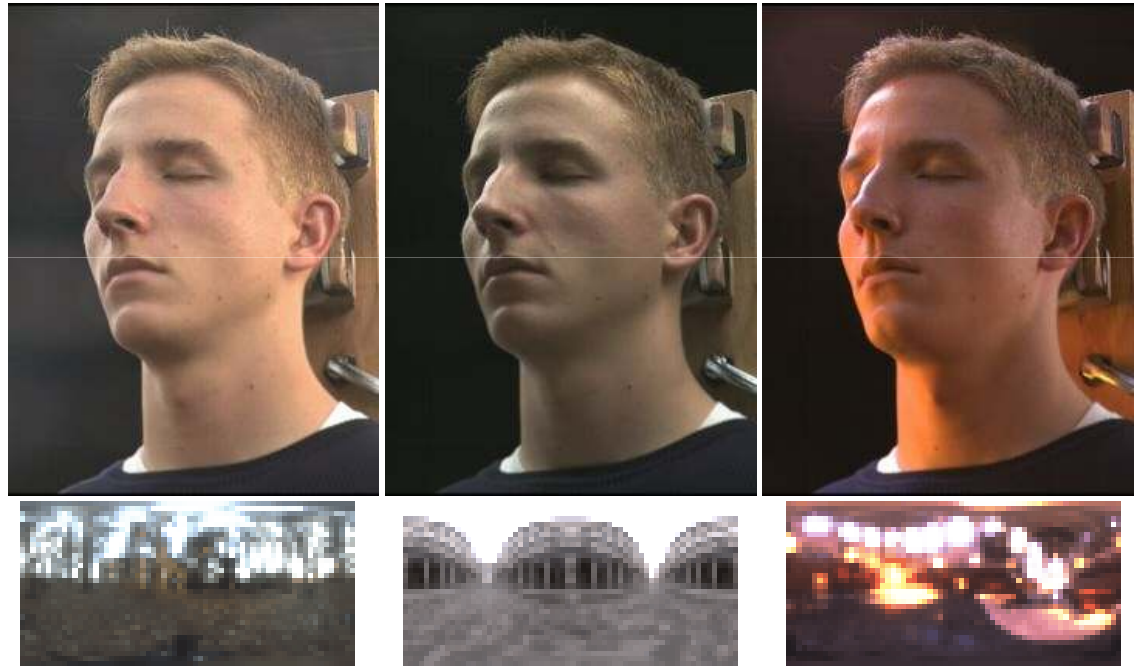
Environment mapping



Bump mapping



Image-based rendering



Motion capture



Simulation



Trade-off(s)

- **Lots** of computation to do
- Trade-off(s)
 - Quality vs. computation time
 - Quality vs. [cost, staff of artists, etc.]
 - Quality vs. [**insert some resource here**]
- **Real-time vs. off-line**

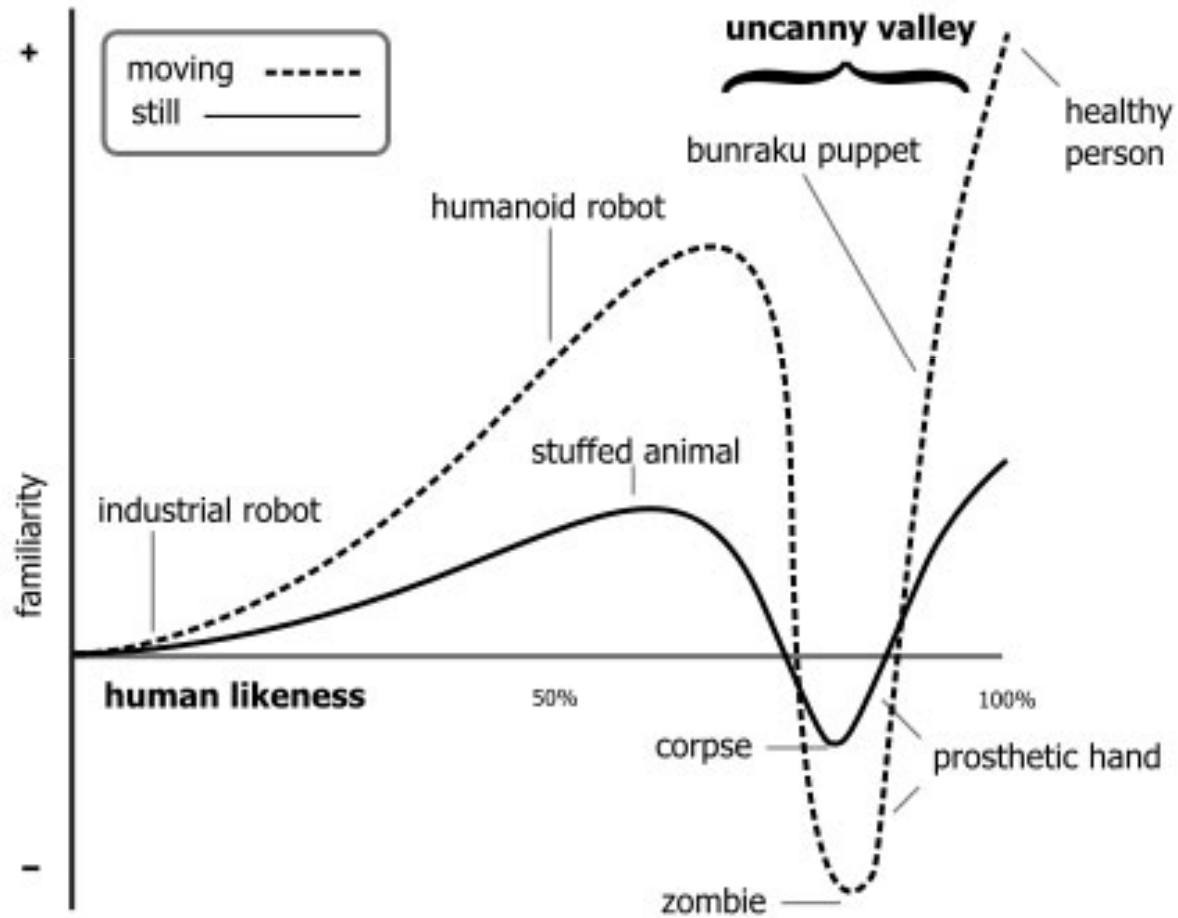
Sweet spot

- Highly application dependent
 - Special effects
 - Games
 - Virtual reality
 - Computer aided design (CAD)
- Desired effect
 - “non-photorealistic” rendering

(Extreme) visual abstraction



Uncanny valley



Bukimi no tani The uncanny valley. Masahiro Mori 1970

Uncanny valley

Solved?



Uncanny valley

Solved?



Uncanny valley

State of the art

- Still images are continuously improving
 - Just a matter of time. **Potentially solvable.**
- Problem is exacerbated in human animation
 - Motion capture works for film.
Infeasible for physical interaction in games.
 - Much research effort. **Potentially solvable.**
- **But what about digital interaction?**

Historical development



[Rendering.]



[Animation.]

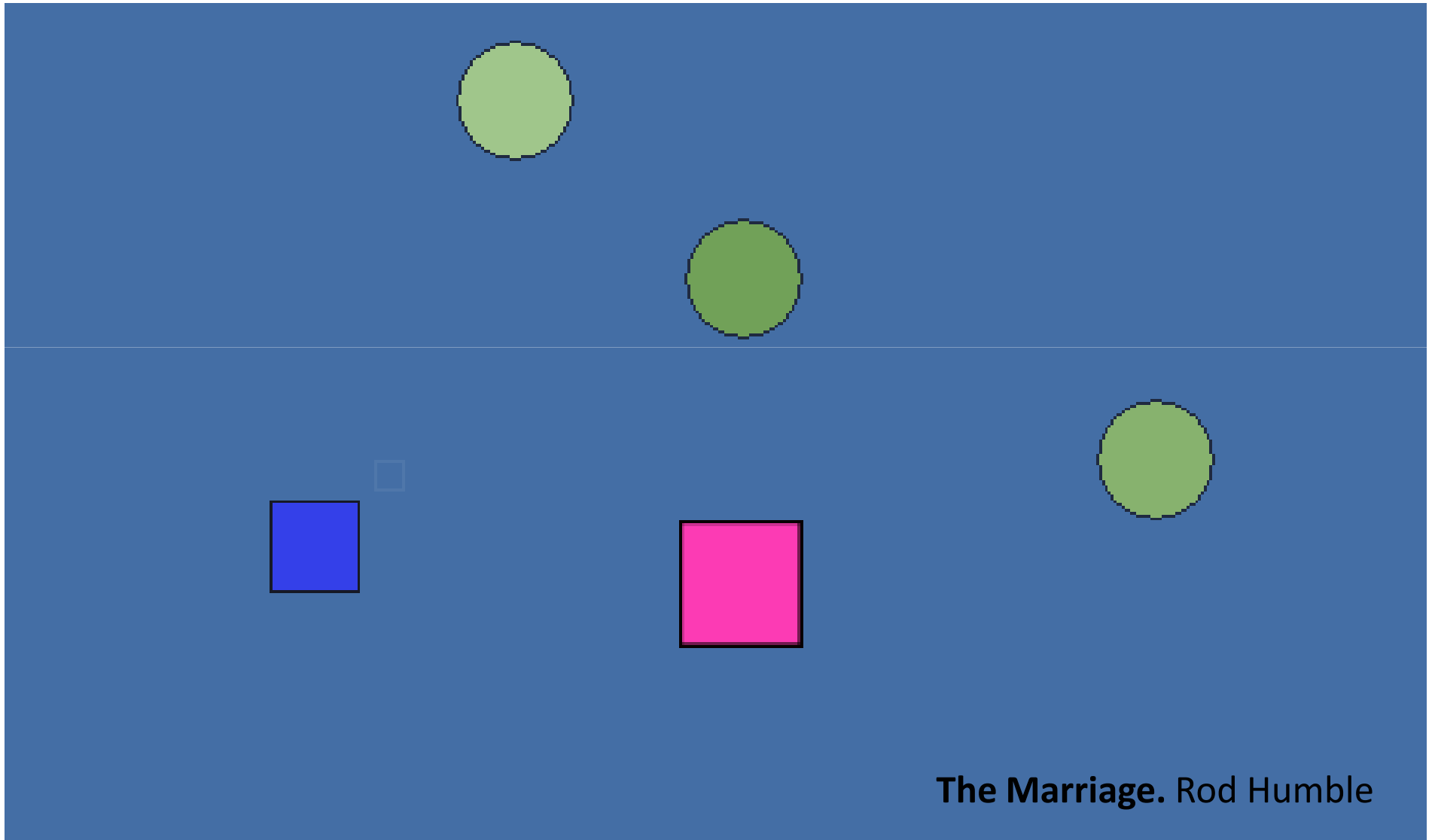


[Interaction.]

Uncanny valley of **Interaction**

- Currently, meaningful interaction in **photorealistic environments** is quasi non-existent.
- Limited to. Destruction. Shooting. Etc.
- Notable example. **Exploration.**
 - Sense-pleasure as a goal is possible.
Explicit interaction goals other than the most primitive kind are generally **absent.**
- Other Direct interactions ?
Indirect interactions/simulations ?

Visual interaction Abstraction



Simulated Reality Abstraction



Realism

- What is **real** lies in the eye of the beholder
- In order of increasing difficulty to ***get right***
 - Still images
 - Animations
 - Interactions
- **No fixed rules**
 - It's all simulated anyway, and the sky is the limit

Innovation in representation allows us to point at and devote our shared attention to things that were invisible or unshared before..

